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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/030,268	03/19/2002	Christian Kropf	H 4086 PCT/US	9035
55495 75	90 04/06/2006		EXAM	INER
	MAN HERRELL AND NAL CORPORATION	SKILLMAN	GRAFFEO	, MICHEL
1601 MARKET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 2400			1614	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PHILADELPH	IA, PA 19103-2307		DATE MAILED: 04/06/2000	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/030,268	KROPF ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Michel Graffeo	1614		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).				
Status				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 Fe</u> 2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	ebruary 2006. action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E				
Disposition of Claims				
 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 16-21,28,31 and 32 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 	4) ☐ Claim(s) 16-21,28,31 and 32 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 16-21,28,31 and 32 is/are rejected.			
Application Papers	•	`		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s)				
1) ⊠ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 27 Feb 06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:			

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 27 February 2006 has been entered.

Status of Action

Applicant's arguments, see response, filed 27 February 2006, have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection of claims 16-21, 28 and 31-32 under 35 USC §103, has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made. Any rejection not specifically stated in this Office Action has been withdrawn.

Applicant has amended claim 16 and submitted a Declaration under C.F.R. §1.132 in the amendment filed 27 February 2006. Claims 16-21, 28 and 31-32 are pending and examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 16-21, 28 and 31-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over PCT/IB97/01634 to Rudin *et al.* in view of US Patent No. 4,933,173 to Bristow et al.

Rudin et al. teach a hydroxyapatite composite comprising finely divided rod like particles of hydroxyapatite having dimensions of 60nm (L) by 15nm (W) by 5nm (T) (see

page 2 paragraph 5) and a surfactant (see page 4 paragraph 4 and Example 5 which includes polyethylene glycol) which can be used to prepare toothpastes (see Abstract).

Rudin *et al.* do not teach the incorporation of a protein, protein hydrolyzate or protein hydrolyzate derivative into the composite.

Bristow et al. teach an oral preparation for example a toothpaste comprising hydroxyapatite and casein and explain that casein is an anti-caries agent (in current claims 16-21; see col 1 lines 13-16) and has a high degree of compatibility with hydroxyapatite, which is present in an amount of form 0.01% to 10% (in current claims 31-32; see col 1 lines 50-55).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the above references and as combined teach the claimed invention as claimed. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the above references because Bristow et al. teach that hydroxyapatite and casein are compatible and further that casein has anti-caries properties, both of which are reasons to add casein to a toothpaste and cause one of ordinary skill in the art to expect a better product. Thus, the claimed invention of the composition was within the ordinary skill in the art to make and use at the time it was made and was as a whole, *prima facie* obvious.

Response to Amendment - 35 USC § 103

The rejection of claims 16-21, 28 and 31-32 under 35 USC §103 has been withdrawn for the reasons stated in Applicant's remarks and Declaration.

Response to Declaration under C.F.R. §1.132

Applicant's Declaration filed 27 February 2006 have been fully considered but it is not persuasive. The Declaration does not teach a product that is unexpected in light of Bristow et al. Specifically, Bristow teaches that hydroxyapatite and casein are compatible and further that casein has beneficial properties when included in an oral care product such as a toothpaste. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to combine both in a paste, which is considered to be described by the claim language "a microscopically heretogeneous aggregate".

Maintained Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 16-22, 28 and 30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 8-10 and 13 of copending Application No. 09/868,379. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

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Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows in the table of comparison below:

Table of comparison between claims 16-22, 28 of the instant application and claims 8-10 and 13 of copending Application No. 09/868,379.

Claim Number (10/0302 68)	Claim limitations from '268	Limitations claimed in 09/868379 reference
16	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives.	Claim 8: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-50nm diameter particles and a watersoluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle which can be for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 9, 10 and 13.
17	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of rod-like particles having a thickness of 2-50nm and a length of 10-150nm and a protein or protein derivatives. Since the particle is rod-like, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art that thickness is equal to diameter.	Claim 8: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of particles having a diameter of 10-50nm and length of 10 to 150nms and a water-soluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle which can be for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 9, 10 and 13.
18	A calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from collagen, gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 8: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of particles having a diameter of 10-50nm and a water-soluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle which can be for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 9, 10 and 13.

19	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 8: A calcium salt in form of rod-like particles having a diameter of 10-50nm and a water-soluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle which can be for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 9, 10 and 13.
20	A calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives wherein the salt is encapsulated with one or more surface modifiers.	Claim 8: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of particles having a diameter of 10-50nm and a water-soluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle. See also Claims 9, 10 and 13.
21	Hydroxylapatite or fluorapatite in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives.	Claim 8: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of particles having a diameter of 10-50nm and a water-soluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle, which can be a protein for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 9, 10 and 13.
22	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives wherein the protein or its derivative comprise 0.1 to 60% of the composite material.	Claim 8: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of particles having a diameter of 10-50nm and a water-soluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle, which is present in an amount of at least 0.1% of the weight of the suspension. See also Claims 9, 10 and 13 to the extent that the amount of colloid is equal to the amount of protein or protein derivative in Claim 22 of the instant application.
28	A toothpaste comprising a phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives.	Claim 13: A toothpaste comprising a one or more calcium phosphate, hydroxylapatite, flourapatite or calcium fluoride wherein the salt particles have diameters from 5-50 nm and a watersoluble polymeric protective colloid adsorbed onto said particle wherein such colloid can be a protein such as casein or gelatine.
30	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein	Claim 8: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of particles having a diameter of 10-50nm and a water-soluble polymeric protective

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derivatives wherein the protein or its	colloid adsorbed onto said particle, which
derivative comprise 0.5 to 10% of the	is present in an amount of at least 0.1% of
composite material.	the weight of the suspension.
	See also Claims 9, 10 and 13 to the extent
·	that the amount of colloid is equal to the
	amount of protein or protein derivative in
·	Claim 22 of the instant application.

Claims 16-22, 28 and 30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 1-8 of copending Application No. 10/465157. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows in the table of comparison below:

Table of comparison between claims 16-22, 28 of the instant application and claims 1-8 of copending Application No. 10/465157.

Claim	Claim limitations from '268	Limitations claimed in 10/465157 reference
Number		
(10/030268)		
16	A phosphate, fluoride or	Claim 4: A phosphate, fluoride or
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	fluorophosphate calcium salt having a mean
	in form of 10-300nm	particle fineness of 10-300nm and a water-
	diameter rod-like particles	soluble or swellable support material which can
	and a protein or protein	be for example casein or gelatine.

	derivatives.	See also Claims 1-3 and 5-8 to the extent that the salt particles are finely divided and finely divided can to one skilled in the art include those particles with a 10-300nm fineness. Further the specification of this reference states on page 5 that "Those only slightly water-soluble calcium salts have proven particularly advantageous which have a mean particle fineness of 10-300 nm (nanometers)."
17	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of rod-like particles having a thickness of 2-50nm and a length of 10-150nm and a protein or protein derivatives.	Claim 4: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having a mean particle fineness of 10-300nm and a watersoluble or swellable support material which can be for example casein or gelatine. Claim 5: A finely divided phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt and a protein which can be for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 1-3 and 6-8.
18	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from collagen, gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 4: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having a mean particle fineness of 10-300nm and a watersoluble or swellable support material which can be for example casein or gelatine. Claim 5: A finely divided phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt and a protein which can be for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 6-8.
19	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 4: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having a mean particle fineness of 10-300nm and a watersoluble or swellable support material which can be for example casein or gelatine. Claim 5: A finely divided phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt and a protein which can be for example casein or gelatine. See also Claims 6-8.
20	A calcium salt in form of 10- 300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives wherein the salt is encapsulated with one or more surface modifiers.	Claim 4: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having a mean particle fineness of 10-300nm and a watersoluble or swellable support material which can be for example casein or gelatine. Claim 5: A finely divided phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt and a protein which can be for example casein or gelatine.

_ 	T	
		See also Claims 1-3 and 6-8.
ĺ		This application does not claim surface
		modifiers, but surface modifiers can be
		emulsifiers, colloids and surfactants all of which
		are traditionally used in dental materials and
		excipients (See Kirk-Othmer Encyclopedia of
		Chemical Technology Copyright © 1993 by John
		Wiley & Sons, Inc. All rights reserved. DOI:
		10.1002/0471238961.0405142016010405.a001
	`	Article Online Posting Date: December 4, 2000.)
21	Hydroxylapatite or	Claim 5: A finely divided phosphate, fluoride or
	fluorapatite in form of 10-	fluorophosphate calcium salt and a protein
	300nm diameter rod-like	which can be for example casein or gelatine.
	particles and a protein or	See also Claims 1-4 and 6-8.
	protein derivatives.	
22	A phosphate, fluoride or	Claim 8: A finely divided phosphate, fluoride or
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	fluorophosphate calcium salt and a protein
	in form of 10-300nm	which can be for example casein or gelatine and
	diameter rod-like particles	further wherein the protein is present in an
	and a protein or protein	amount of 0.1 to 60%.
	derivatives wherein the	See also Claims 1-7.
	protein or its derivative	
	comprise 0.1 to 60% of the	
	composite material.	
28	A toothpaste comprising a	Claim 4: A phosphate, fluoride or
	phosphate, fluoride or	fluorophosphate calcium salt having a mean
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	particle fineness of 10-300nm and a water-
	in form of 10-300nm	soluble or swellable support material which can
	diameter rod-like particles	be for example casein or gelatine.
	and a protein or protein	See also Claims 1-3 and 5-8. This reference
	derivatives.	does not recite a toothpaste in any claim
		preamble but instead recites a dental adhesive
		for local remineralizing tooth treatment. It would
		be obvious to one skilled in the art to use the
1		reference as a toothpaste since, as the applicant
		admits in its specification on page 1, "Phosphate
		salts of calcium have long been added to the
		formulations of tooth cleaning and dental care
		preparations both as abrasive components and
		for promoting the remineralizing of dental
		enamel." Thus it would be obvious to use the
		dental adhesive as a toothpaste and the dental
	<u></u>	adhesive is an obvious variation on a

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		toothpaste.
30	fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein	Claim 8: A finely divided phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt and a protein which can be for example casein or gelatine and further wherein the protein is present in an amount of 0.1 to 60%. See also Claims 1-7.

Claims 16-22, 28 and 30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 20-27 of copending Application No. 10/297,889. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows in the table of comparison below:

Table of comparison between claims 16-22, 28 of the instant application and claims 20-27 of copending Application No. 10/297,889.

Claim	Claim limitations from '268	Limitations claimed in 10/297,889 reference
Number		
(10/030268)		
16	A phosphate, fluoride or	Claim 20: A phosphate, fluoride or
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average
	in form of 10-300nm	particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a
	diameter rod-like particles	polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see

	and a protein or protein	Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill).
	derivatives.	See also claims 21-27.
17	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of rod-like particles having a thickness of 2-50nm and a length of 10-150nm and a protein or protein derivatives.	Claim 20: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill). See also claims 21-27.
18	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from collagen, gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 20: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill). See also claims 21, 23-27.
19	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 20: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill). See also claims 21, 23-27.
20	A calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives wherein the salt is encapsulated with one or more surface modifiers.	Claim 20: A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill). See also claims 21-27. This application does not claim surface modifiers, but surface modifiers can be emulsifiers, colloids and surfactants all of which are traditionally used in dental materials and excipients (See Kirk-Othmer Encyclopedia of Chemical Technology Copyright © 1993 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc. All rights reserved. DOI: 10.1002/0471238961.0405142016010405.a001 Article Online Posting Date: December 4, 2000.)
21	Hydroxylapatite or fluorapatite in form of 10-	Claim 21: Hydroxyapatite and fluoroapatite having an average particle diameter of from 5-

	200mm diameter and like	booms and a natural standard of the
	300nm diameter rod-like	300nm and a polyelectrolyte which can be a
	particles and a protein or	protein (see Dictionary in
	protein derivatives.	AccessScience@McGraw-Hill).
	A	See also claims 20, 22-27.
22	A phosphate, fluoride or	Claim 24: A phosphate, fluoride or
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average
	in form of 10-300nm	particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a
	diameter rod-like particles	polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see
	and a protein or protein	Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill)
	derivatives wherein the	wherein the polyelectrolyte/protein is 0.1 to 40%.
	protein or its derivative	Claim 25: A phosphate, fluoride or
	comprise 0.1 to 60% of the	fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average
	composite material.	particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a
		polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see
		Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill)
		wherein the polyelectrolyte/protein is 2 to 50%.
		See also claims 22-23 and 26-27.
28	A toothpaste comprising a	Claim 20: A composition for treating tooth and/or
	phosphate, fluoride or	bone, of which includes toothpaste, comprising a
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium
	in form of 10-300nm	salt having an average particle diameter of from
	diameter rod-like particles	5-300nm and a polyelectrolyte which can be a
	and a protein or protein	protein (see Dictionary in
	derivatives.	AccessScience@McGraw-Hill).
		Claim 27: A paste comprising a phosphate,
		fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt having
		an average particle diameter of from 5-300nm
		and a polyelectrolyte which can be a protein
		(see Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-
į		Hill).
20	A phoophoto fluoride or	See also claims 21-26.
30	A phosphate, fluoride or	Claim 24: A phosphate, fluoride or
		fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average
	in form of 10-300nm	particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a
	diameter rod-like particles	polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see
	and a protein or protein derivatives wherein the	Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill)
		wherein the polyelectrolyte/protein is 0.1 to 40%.
	protein or its derivative	Claim 25: A phosphate, fluoride or
	comprise 0.5 to 10% of the	fluorophosphate calcium salt having an average
	composite material.	particle diameter of from 5-300nm and a
		polyelectrolyte which can be a protein (see
		Dictionary in AccessScience@McGraw-Hill)
		wherein the polyelectrolyte/protein is 2 to 50%.
		See also claims 22-23 and 26-27.

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Claims 16-22, 28 and 30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 20-27 of copending Application No. 10/297,842. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows in the table of comparison below:

Table of comparison between claims 16-22, 28 of the instant application and claims 20-27 of copending Application No. 10/297,842.

Claim	Claim limitations from '268	Limitations claimed in 10/297,842 reference
Number		
(10/030268)		
16	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives.	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides, carbonates and phosphates for example, and a surface modifying agent which includes a protein such as casein or gelatine. This claim does not recite the specific particle size, but on page 4 of the specification, a diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.
17	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides,

	in form of rod-like particles having a thickness of 2-50nm and a length of 10-150nm and a protein or protein derivatives.	carbonates and phosphates for example, and a surface modifying agent which includes a protein such as casein or gelatine. This claim does not recite the specific particle size, but on page 4 of the specification, a diameter range from 1-200nm is supported. The diameter is a function of the shape of the particle
		of for example hydroxyapatite which crystallizes into hexagonal rhombic prisms i.e. rod-like and thus a diameter of 1-200nm would correspond to a length within the range of 10-150nm (See S. Zhang and K.E. Gonsalves, J. Mater. Sci. Mater, Med. 8 (1997) 25.)
18	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from collagen, gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides, carbonates and phosphates for example, and a surface modifying agent which includes a protein such as casein or gelatine. This claim does not recite the specific particle size, but on page 4 of the specification, a diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.
19	A phosphate, fluoride or fluorophosphate calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a substance selected from gelatine, keratin casein etc.	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides, carbonates and phosphates for example, and a surface modifying agent which includes a protein such as casein or gelatine. This claim does not recite the specific particle size, but on page 4 of the specification, a diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.
20	A calcium salt in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives wherein the salt is encapsulated with one or more surface modifiers.	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides, carbonates and phosphates for example, and a surface modifying agent which includes a protein such as casein or gelatine. This claim does not recite the specific particle size, but on page 4 of the specification, a diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.
21	Hydroxylapatite or fluorapatite in form of 10-300nm diameter rod-like particles and a protein or protein derivatives.	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides, carbonates and phosphates which include for example, hydroxylapatite and fluorapatite, and a surface modifying agent which includes a protein such as casein or gelatine. This claim does not recite the specific particle

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		size, but on page 4 of the specification, a
		diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.
22	A phosphate, fluoride or	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides,
	in form of 10-300nm	carbonates and phosphates for example, and a
	diameter rod-like particles	surface modifying agent which includes a protein
	and a protein or protein	such as casein or gelatine to the extent that the
	derivatives wherein the	protein is present in an amount from 0.1 to 60%.
	protein or its derivative	This claim does not recite the specific particle
	comprise 0.1 to 60% of the	size, but on page 4 of the specification, a
	composite material.	diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.
28	A toothpaste comprising a	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition, of
	phosphate, fluoride or	which a toothpaste is, comprising
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	nanoparticulate particles hydroxides, carbonates
	in form of 10-300nm	and phosphates for example, and a surface
	diameter rod-like particles	modifying agent which includes a protein such
	and a protein or protein	as casein or gelatine.
	derivatives.	This claim does not recite the specific particle
		size, but on page 4 of the specification, a
		diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.
30	A phosphate, fluoride or	Claim 21: An oral or dental care composition
	fluorophosphate calcium salt	comprising nanoparticulate particles hydroxides,
	in form of 10-300nm	carbonates and phosphates for example, and a
	diameter rod-like particles	surface modifying agent which includes a protein
	and a protein or protein	such as casein or gelatine to the extent that the
	derivatives wherein the	protein is present in an amount from 0.5 to 10%.
	protein or its derivative	This claim does not recite the specific particle
	comprise 0.5 to 10% of the	size, but on page 4 of the specification, a
	composite material.	diameter range from 1-200nm is supported.

Applicant's Traverse

The commentary at page 7 of Applicant's response filed 27 February 2006 is noted with regard to maintaining the obviousness double patenting rejection. Such statement is not persuasive of error of the obviousness double patenting rejection.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michel Graffeo whose telephone number is 571-272-8505. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am to 5:30pm Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher Low can be reached on 571-272-0951. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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30 March 2006

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